

Heating controller with outdoor reset

1995.05



TA 200 is a controller for outdoor-reset control of heating systems.

It can be used for conventional supply temperature control of mixing valve systems for radiator or floor heating. It can also be used for two or three stage on/off control of gas boilers.

With a room sensor, automatic reset of the supply temperature from the room temperature can be obtained.

Great flexiblity in adjusting the reset curve—a number of curves are available for each individual application—enables optimum matching to the pertinent heating

system.

The TA 200 has high and low limits for the supply temperature.

Reading and adjusting of values are easy to make thanks to a display window and push buttons on the front of the controller.

The TA 200 is powered with 230 V AC. It has two relay outputs for heating control. There is also an output for on/off switching of a circulating pump and a time program for switching of external objects, such as time-controlled switching between electric heating and fuel oil heating.

TECHNICAL DATA

| Part number 200-1000-000 |
|--|
| Power supply voltage 220-230 V AC±10%, 50-60Hz |
| Power consumption 2 VA |
| Ambient temperature: |
| Operation ±0 °C to +50 °C |
| Storage –20 °C to +50 °C |
| Ambient humidity max. 90% RH, non-condensing |
| Calendar clock accuracy max. dev. 12 min./year at +25 °C |
| Running reserve, clock12 hours |
| Materials: |
| Housing and cover ABS plastic |
| Protection IP 40 |
| Coloursblack/transparent |
| Control function PI |
| Application selection DIP-switch with 8 switches |
| Digital inputs: |
| Number of inputs3 |
| Required min. pulse length 50 msec. |
| Required min. pulse cycle time 100 msec. |
| Analog inputs |
| Number of inputs |
| Sensor type NTC thermistor, 1,8 kohms at +25 °C |
| Relay outputs: |
| Number of outputs |
| Voltage rating max. 250 V AC |
| Load rating 2 A, min. 50 mA at 24 V |

 Standards:
 Emission
 EN 50081-1

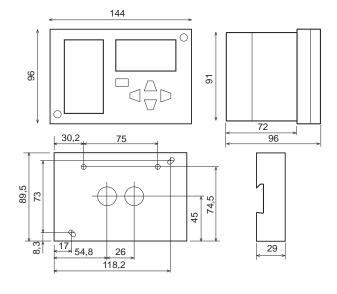
 Immunity
 EN 50082-1

 Weight
 0,7 kg

 Dimensions WxHxD (mm)
 144x96x96

 see diagram below

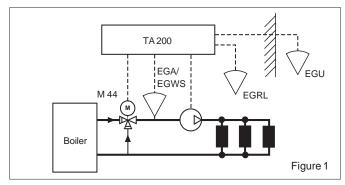
Panel cutout, DIN 43 700 138x92 mm

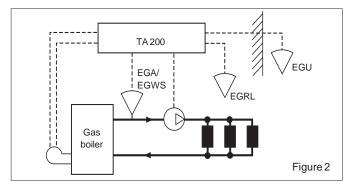


Applications

The TA 200 is intended for supply temperature control in hot water heating systems. Two types of applications are available:

- Mixing valve control circuit (figure 1).
- Gas boiler, two or three stage on/off control circuit (figure 2).





Selection of the desired function is done by means of a hardware switch behind the front panel.

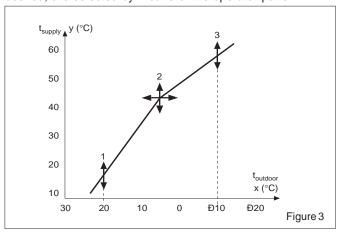
In addition it is also possible to select between radiator and floor heating.

Reset curve

The TA 200 controls the supply temperature according to the outdoor temperature. The relationship between the outdoor temperature and the supply temperature is given by means of a reset curve with three adjustable curve points, see figure 3.

Depending on whether radiator or floor heating system has been selected, two different basic reset curves apply. Also the high limit of the setpoint for the supply temperature will be different in the two cases.

A suitable shape, and also parallel displacement, if any is desired, are selected by means of the operator panel.



Room sensor

Control can be done with a room sensor, with or without an SP(setpoint) wheel. When a room sensor is installed, it will automatically displace the reset curve for achievement of optimum room temperature control.

Measurement and control of heat rate

Digital input X3 can be used for pulse counting. If each pulse equals a certain quantity of energy the current power consumption can be computed.

The heat rate drawn from the heating system can be limited to an adjustable max. value. If the heat rate drawn exceeds the limit set, the TA 200 successively lowers the setpoint for the supply temperature until the heat rate has dropped below the heat rate limit. When the power reduction is active this is indicated on the panel.

Forced day or night operation

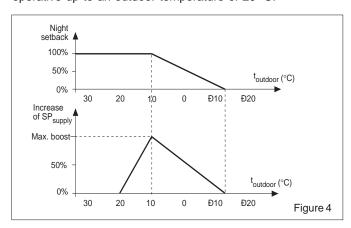
If extended day or night operation is desired, i.e. keeping the temperature at day or night level after the normal switching time between the two, a push button, or a separate timer, is wired to terminals X1 and X2.

Night setback and morning boost

During night operation a reduced setpoint is used. To secure that the heating system has capacity to restore the room temperature after a night setback at low outdoor temperatures, the TA 200 is equipped with variable setback.

The magnitude of the setback will depend on the outdoor temperature, according to a curve, the shape of which is determined at two adjustable outdoor temperatures, see figure 4

A similar adjustment takes place during morning boost. A certain time before the time when day operation should start, the setpoint for the supply temperature is increased by a value which depends on the outdoor temperature, as shown in the lower curve in figure 4. Morning boost is selected separately but the curve is dimensioned using the same outdoor temperature points as for the night setback. The morning boost function is operative up to an outdoor temperature of 20 °C.



Pump control

To save energy the circulating pump is automatically stopped when the outdoor temperature exceeds a certain, adjustable value. The pump is also stopped if the calculated setpoint for the supply temperature goes below an adjustable value, in the range 0 to 50 °C (heating is not deemed necessary).

The pump automatically starts when the outdoor temperature goes below +3 °C (freeze protection).

To prevent the pump from seizing, it is exercised for one minute once weekly. The exercising function can be made inoperative.

Time control

The digital clock in the TA 200 has two time programs. One can be used for switching between day and night temperature, the other can be used for optional functions, such as time-controlled switching between electric heating and fuel oil heating. All times can be set individually for every day of the week, with a resolution of 30 minutes. This means that start/stop times can be set within 15 minutes of the required time, with up to 24 on/off times for each day.

Day-light Saving Time

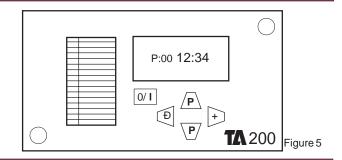
Switching to and from Daylight Saving Time (DST) is fully automatic. The DST switching function can also be made inoperative, or, alternatively, adjustable times for switching to and from DST, and also the magnitude of the time change, can be entered.

OPERATOR PANEL

Reading and entering of values is done from the operator panel on the front of the controller, see figure 5.

Program functions are selected by means of the P buttons. The selected function is shown on the display.

Values that can be changed can be increased or decreased by means of the + or – buttons. The O/I button is used for activating/ deactivating the week-days and time intervals on the 24-hour time scale for the two time programs.



SETTINGS

On the DIP switch:

See figure 6.

Switch Position off (0) Position on (1)

1 on/off control mixing valve
2 2-stage on/off 3 radiator system floor heating

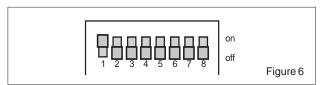
4 no room sensor installed room sensor, type as sw. 5

5 room sensor EGRL room sensor EGF 1

6-7 (no function)

8 (hardware reset when switched 0-1-0)

Factory setting, 1-8: 1000 0000.



On the operator panel:

See figure 7.

P:00 Normal position:

Day, time, mode and day operation times are displayed Change current operating mode

P:01-P:15 Daily operation:

Current temperatures are displayed

Change setpoints, curve displacement and time program

Change time and date

 $P: 16\hbox{-}P: 54 \ Commissioning, normally not shown \\$

Change

- reset curve high/low limiting
- shape of reset curve
- energy factor for pulse input
- SP max. heat rate
- parameters, heat rate limiting controller
- parameters, room controller
- parameters, supply temperature controller
- actuator stroke time
- values for variable night setback
- values for morning boost
- activation/deactivation of pump switching functions
- time format i.e. 12/24 hour display
- Daylight Saving Time, information

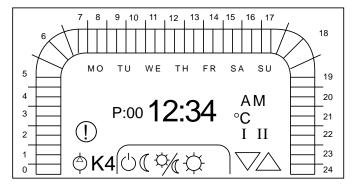


Figure 7

INDICATION

On the operator panel are a number of special characters which denote specific functions and also operating mode.

See figure 7.

Circulating pump running

K4 Status of relay output K4 (time pgm 2)

Forced off

Forced night operation

☼ Auto

Forced day operation

I On/off control: stage I on

II On/off control: stage II on

Mixing valve: decreaseMixing valve: increase

0-24 Selected time interval, in half-hours

Current weekday according to:

MO TU WE TH FR SA SU Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri Sat Sun

2:xx Selected function xx, i.e. display or change value.

12:34 Current time of the day(at P:00), or some other value, according to selected function P:xx.

AM/PM 12-hour clock display

°C Current temperature scale

(!) Power limiting active

CONSTRUCTION

The controller is encased in a plastic enclosure with the standardized measurements 144x96x96 mm.

The casing is equipped with a transparent cover with a simple lock.

A brief instruction covering program functions is inserted in a pocket on the front.

The electronic circuitry is located on two circuit boards, connected with a ribbon cable.

The panel board is fastened with screws in the front of the casing, whereas the lower I/O board is fastened with snap-in locks

The bottom casing has six holes for connecting cables.

The only care needed is to keep the controller dry and to clean it externally with a dry cloth when needed.

WIRING

The TA 200 is mounted directly to a wall, or flush-mounted in a panel. It can also be mounted on a 35 mm DIN rail.

- 1 230 V/L Mains, phase (live)
- 2 230 V/N Mains, neutral
- 3 PE Protective earth
- 4 KC1 Power supply, relays K1 and
- 5 K1 Relay K1: increase, stage 1
- 6 K2 Relay K2: decrease, stage 2
- 7 KC2 Power supply, relays K3 and K4
- 8 K3 Relay K3: circulating pump
- 9 K4 Relay K4: optional, timecontrolled relay output
- 10 M Signal ground
- 11 B1 Supply sensor, EGWS/EGA
- 12 B2 Outdoor sensor, EGU
- 13 B3 Room sensor, or thermostat, EGRL / EGF1 (wire 1 or 2; the other, 2 or 1, to M)
- 14 M Signal ground
- 15 X1 Input, forced day operation
- 16 X2 Input, forced night operation
- 17 X3 Digital input, pulse counting
- 18 M Signal ground

Length of cables

To terminals B1-B3, and X1-X3: Max. 200 m, area 0,5 mm².

To other terminals:

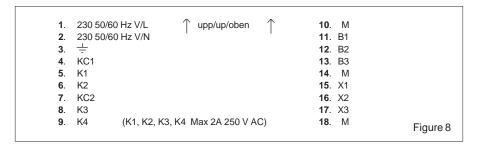
Max. 100 m, area 1,5 mm².

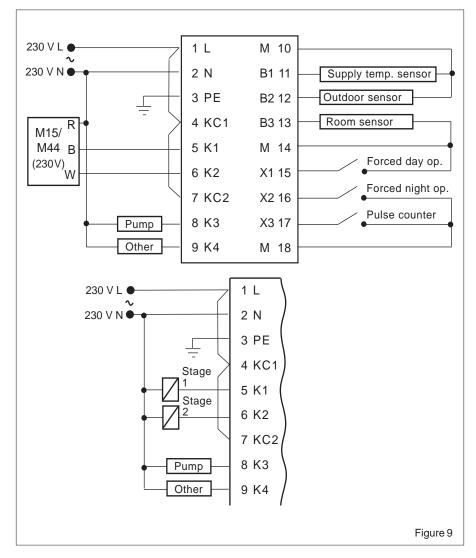
Cables for power supply and for temperature sensors should be installed well separated (spaced 20 cm or more).

The TA 200 has six cable inlet holes. Two of these are sized for Pr 18,6 (Pg 11) cable glands.

Signal and power supply cables, that enter the casing from the rear, must be routed well separated.

Also 24 V power supply cables must be installed in compliance with local high voltage wiring regulations in force.





ACCESSORIES

TA 200 User's Guide, part no. 0-004-1201.